en/MK-Parameter/Stick

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Quick selection
Open the description -> click Button

Channels	Configuration	Stick	Looping	Altitude

Camera	Navi-Ctrl	Navi-Ctrl 2	Output	Misc

Gyro	User	Coupling	Mixer-SETUP	Easy Setup

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Click on that Symbol and wait a little moment... --->

Stick

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Parameterset 3 : Easy

| Channels | Configuration | Stick | Looping | Altitude | Camera | Navi-Ctrl | Navi-Ctrl 2 |

| Output | Misc | Gyro | User | Coupling | Mixer-SETUP | Easy Setup |

Nick/Roll P: 6

Nick/Roll D: 10

Yaw P: 4

External Control: 0   0-Off, Dubwise: Gain, Riddim
                          >128-On

P1 [Ch 5]=0   P2 [Ch 6]=0   P3 [Ch 7]=0   P4 [Ch 8]=0
P5 [Ch 9]=0   P6 [Ch 10]=0   P7 [Ch 11]=0   P8 [Ch 12]=0

Parameterset: ⚠ 3   Read ◆   Write ◆
✓ Expert view

✓ OK   ? Help   Load... 🖿   Save... 🖫

Here the sensitivity of the stick movements (gas, yaw, pitch, roll) can be set by the transmitter.

- **Nick/Roll P**
  Stick-Gain. The larger the number the stronger response the MikroKopter on the stick movements.
  Example:

    ♦ larger number = strong model reaction even at low stick indication, great agility.
      lower number = softer but sensitive control.
- **Nick/Roll D**
  The [MikroKopter](#) follows the movements of the stick more spontaneous, the larger this value is.
  Example:

    ♦ larger number = severe, immediate model reaction, more "poisonous".
      lower number = soft control.
      Strictly spoken, it affects the Stick**speed** to the MikroKopter.
- **Yaw-P** (Gier-P)
  Yaw rate ratio to stick deflection.

DThe value can be entered as a number or be placed on a potentiometer at the transmitter to change the behavior during the flight.
Example:

- ♦ larger number = fast rotation.
  lower number = sluggish reaction.
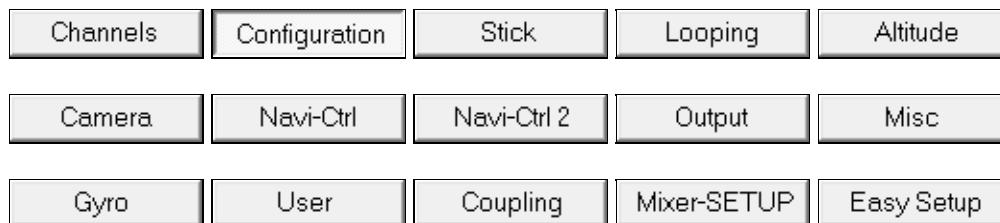
- **External Control**
  This can be used also in addition to a transmitter to activate an external control.
  This can be done for example via a mobile phone with the software [Dubwise](#).
  To turn this feature on an arbitrary number that is greater than 128 has to be entered.
  Or a potentiometer is assigned to a switch at the transmitter. So the function can be switched on/off at the transmitter.

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Configuration

- deutsch

In a total of five sets of parameters different settings can be stored in the Kopter. These can be accessed through the sticks after turning on the Kopter and the initialization.

- **Name of configuration**
  Each setting can be named under *Name of configuration* with a representative name. This is useful for example for different payloads, sporty flying or camera-flight etc.
  If a setting is completed or altered it must be saved under it's number in the MikroKoper with the function **WRITE**
  The MikroKopter acknowledged this with a appropriate number of short beeps.

  To select the settings with the transmitter the proceed as follows: :

  Setting 1 => Roll left + Nick middle **plus** Gas up + Gier left
  Setting 2 => Roll left + Nick up **plus** Gas up + Gier left
  Setting 3 => Roll middle + Nick up **plus** Gas up + Gier left
  Setting 4 => Roll right + Nick up **plus** Gas up + Gier left
  Setting 5 => Roll right + Nick middle **plus** Gas up + Gier left

- **Altitude control**
  Checked if the air pressure sensor on the FlightCtrl should be used.
- **GPS**
  In that case the GPS-System (NaviCtrl + MKGPS) is activated . Therefore GPS-functions like holding position (PositionHold), flying back to the start-point (ComingHome) and the fly-around with waypoints are possible.

- **Compass**
  Typically, this field is grayed out and active when GPS is selected.
  Only if there is no GPS-System on the copter and if you use e.g. a MK3Mag on your FlightCtrl you can deactivate this and activate only "Compass". The single using of a MK3Mag is normally not customary.

  - ♦ **Orientation fixed**
    If this function is activated, the MikroKopter depends on the yaw and over again from the direction in which it has been at the start.
    Attention: If this function is enabled, the copter can not be completely turned!

- **Sensitive receiver signal validation**
  The *Sensitive receiver signal validation* was built specifically for the 35/40 MHz systems. A receiving failure is detected properly. If you use a 2.4GHz Transmitter / Receiver you did not need this function.
  (see also ["Channels"](#))

- **Axis-(de-)coupling**
  Here you can enable or disable the axis coupling. The axle coupling prevents the MikroKopter after a curve is flown to be loopsided.
  Function is active when the yaw angle will be corrected internally. This function should always be activated.

- **Rotationrate limiter**
  Additional limitation of the rate of rotation. With this option the characteristic of the gyro is lifted at the ends.
  This prevents rapid maneuver, which is regulated at a certain rate of rotation. Applies only to pitch and roll. (Only interesting for beginners).

- **Heading Hold** (**Nick/Roll)**
  In this mode and after a flight maneuver the MikroKopter is not automatically going back into a horizontal position when the stick is in neutral position. This setting, for example, are possible for most types of loops.
  This function is for experienced pilots! This one needs a lot of flying experience!
  -> ATTENTION: Who wants to fly HH the I-part must be increased to the proportion of the main controller (e.g. to 30)!

  - ♦ More information about flying with Heading Hold you can read here: [HeadingHold](#)
    (information only in german)